## Q4 FY23 Earnings

## Safe harbor

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This presentation contains certain supplemental financial measures that are not calculated pursuant to GAAP. The Company believes that these non-GAAP financial measures, when presented in conjunction with comparable GAAP measures, provide useful information about its operating results and enhance the overall ability to assess the Company's financial performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of these non-GAAP financial measures versus their most directly comparable GAAP equivalents. For example, other companies may calculate non-GAAP financial measures differently or may use other measures to evaluate their performance, all of which could reduce the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures as tools for comparison.

## Our success by the numbers -Q4-23 financial highlights

## \$203M

Revenue

## 56\%

YoY increase in customers
with >\$50K ARR* to 2,295***

## 90\%

Gross margin**

## 225,231

Total customers***

## 35\%

YoY revenue growth

## 115\%

Net dollar retention rate of customers with > \$50K ARR*

## \$55M

Free cash flow**
represents $27 \%$ of revenue

## 25,000

Largest seat count***

Strong revenue growth
Quarterly revenue run rate (revenue $\times 4$ )



# Traditional work software is broken. 

Businesses are unable to fulfill their potential because their

software is limiting their ability to execute

## Businesses have two bad options



## Rigid off-the-shelf point solutions

Usually designed for SMBs and don't enable scaling.


## Complex enterprise software

Huge implementation and maintenance costs.
Implementation takes a long time and is very costly.
Changes are slow and dependent on tech teams.

What is monday.com?

## A platform to run the core of all work.



Work OS platform
powered by mondayDB

## monday.com is unique. Built like no other software.

## $R$

Platform
Built as a true platform, with
all Work OS products sharing
a common code base

Full control
Allows customers to adapt the software on their own, giving them full control


Flexible \& simple
Able to scale with the business and adapt to changing needs

## Strong, diverse customer base



# $+26 \%$ 

Customers CAGR

2019-2023

## Customers spanning across 200+ industries

| Am | Construction | 5 | Consulting | os | Design | $\pi$ | Education | Sta | Legal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Finance | $\}$ | Healthcare | ○ᄋ | HR | న్ర | Industrials | [4]. | Energy |
| G | Marketing | $\boxed{\square}$ | Real estate | $\square$ | Retail | $\square$ | Publishing | $\square$ | Media |
| 뭄 | Technology | $\underbrace{0}$ | Telecoms | \& m | any more... |  |  |  |  |

## In 200+ markets around the world

\% of revenue



## Increasing number of enterprise customers

Customers with 10+ users

\$50k+ ARR customers

\$100k+ ARR customers


## Superior product performance at scale with mondayDB



## Where do we want to go from here?




Cultivating a strong ecosystem for a long-tail of use cases

## Why own monday.com?

## Large growth potential

Multiple growth levers to capture new markets and build share in large and growing TAMs

## Diverse customer base

Expanding customer base across
industries, geographies, and
company sizes

## Strong financial performance

Track record of strong execution, with durable revenue growth, improving profitability, and significant cash generation

## One of the biggest opportunities in software.

## Financial overview and update

## Consistent incremental revenue growth

\$ millions

Quarterly revenue


Annual revenue


## Strong net dollar retention rate

All customers



## Strong net dollar retention rate











## Driving operating leverage while investing in growth

Quarterly expenses as a \% of revenue


Operating marginS\&M as \% of revenue

Annual expenses as a \% of revenue


R\&D as \% of revenue

## Maintaining strong cash efficiency

Quarterly free cash flow margin
Annual adjusted free cash flow margin


Free cash flow amounts to: $\$ 29.7 \mathrm{M}, \$ 38.7 \mathrm{M}, \$ 45.9 \mathrm{M}, \$ 64.9 \mathrm{M}$, and \$55.4M for Q4-22, Q1-23, Q2-23, Q3-23 and Q4-23, respectively.


Adjusted free cash flow amounts to: (\$40.7M), \$9.9M, \$8.1M, and \$204.9M for FY-20, FY-21, FY-22 and FY-23, respectively.

## Appendix

## Supplementary materials

## Definitions

(1) Annual recurring revenue ("ARR") is defined to mean, as of a measurement date, the annualized value of our customer subscription plans assuming that any contract that expires during the next 12 months is renewed on its existing terms.
(2) We calculate Net Dollar Retention Rate as of a period end by starting with the ARR from customers as of the 12 months prior to such period end ("Prior Period ARR"). We then calculate the ARR from these customers as of the current period end ("Current Period ARR"). The calculation of Current Period ARR includes any upsells, contraction and attrition. We then divide the total Current Period ARR by the total Prior Period ARR to arrive at the net dollar retention rate. We then use a weighted average of this calculation of our quarterly Net Dollar Retention Rate for the four quarters ending with the most recent quarter.
(3) Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities less cash used for purchases of property and equipment and capitalized software development costs.
(4) Adjusted free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities less cash used for purchases of property and equipment and capitalized software development costs, plus non-recurring expenditures such as capital expenditures from the purchases of property and equipment associated with the build-out of our corporate headquarters..

## Reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures

Adjusted free cash flow

| (\$ in millions) | FY-20 | FY-21 | FY-22 | FY-23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | (37.2) | 16.4 | 27.1 | 215.4 |
| Purchase of PP\&E | (4.4) | (11.6) | (16.0) | (7.9) |
| Capitalized software development costs | (1.1) | (2.2) | (3.0) | (2.6) |
| Purchase of property and equipment related to build-out of new corporate headquarters | 2.0 | 7.3 | - | - |
| Adjusted free cash flow | (40.7) | 9.9 | 8.1 | 204.9 |
| Adjusted free cash flow margin | (25\%) | 3\% | 2\% | 28\% |

## Reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures

Free cash flow

| (\$ in millions) | Q4-22 | Q1-23 | Q2-23 | Q3-23 | Q4-23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 34.1 | 42.7 | 47.6 | 66.6 | 58.5 |
| Purchase of PP\&E | (3.8) | (3.6) | (1.1) | (0.8) | (2.4) |
| Capitalized software development costs | (0.7) | (0.4) | (0.6) | (0.9) | (0.7) |
| Free cash flow | 29.7 | 38.7 | 45.9 | 64.9 | 55.4 |
| Free cash flow margin | 20\% | 24\% | 26\% | 34\% | 27\% |

## Reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures

Non-GAAP operating income (loss)

| (\$ in thousands) | FY-20 | FY-21 | FY-22 | FY-23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reconciliation of gross profit: |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP gross profit | 138,635 | 269,137 | 452,501 | 649,050 |
| Add: Share-based compensation | 2,720 | 7,681 | 10,406 | 6,307 |
| Non-GAAP gross profit | 141,355 | 276,818 | 462,907 | 655,357 |
| Reconciliation of gross margin: |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP gross margin | 86\% | 87\% | 87\% | 89\% |
| Non-GAAP adjustments | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| Non-GAAP gross margin | 88\% | 90\% | 89\% | 90\% |
| Reconciliation of operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP research and development | 43,480 | 73,686 | 127,047 | 156,500 |
| Less: Share-based compensation | 12,142 | 21,779 | 32,957 | 38,737 |
| Non-GAAP research and development | 31,338 | 51,907 | 94,090 | 117,763 |
| GAAP sales and marketing | 191,353 | 268,083 | 392,068 | 438,402 |
| Less: Share-based compensation | 10,068 | 23,135 | 33,457 | 25,395 |
| Non-GAAP sales and marketing | 181,285 | 244,948 | 358,611 | 413,007 |

## Reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures

Non-GAAP operating income (loss) (cont.)

| (\$ in thousands) | FY-20 | FY-21 | FY-22 | FY-23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reconciliation of operating expenses (cont.): |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP general and administrative | 54,339 | 53,493 | 85,401 | 92,733 |
| Less: Share-based compensation | 39,415 | 20,934 | 28,100 | 29,747 |
| Non-GAAP general and administrative | 14,924 | 32,559 | 57,301 | 62,986 |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) and margin: |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP operating loss | $(150,537)$ | $(126,125)$ | $(152,015)$ | $(38,585)$ |
| Add: Share-based compensation | 64,345 | 73,529 | 104,920 | 100,186 |
| Non-GAAP operating income (loss) | $(86,192)$ | $(52,596)$ | $(47,095)$ | 61,601 |
| GAAP operating margin | (93\%) | (41\%) | (29\%) | (5\%) |
| Non-GAAP adjustments | 40\% | 24\% | 20\% | 13\% |
| Non-GAAP operating margin | (53\%) | (17\%) | (9\%) | 8\% |

## Reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures

Non-GAAP operating income (loss)

| (\$ in thousands) | Q4-22 | Q1-23 | Q2-23 | Q3-23 | Q4-23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reconciliation of gross profit: |  |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP gross profit | 132,562 | 145,242 | 156,163 | 167,483 | 180,162 |
| Add: Share-based compensation | 2,367 | 1,477 | 1,845 | 1,383 | 1,602 |
| Non-GAAP gross profit | 134,929 | 146,719 | 158,008 | 168,866 | 181,764 |
| Reconciliation of gross margin: |  |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP gross margin | 88\% | 90\% | 89\% | 89\% | 89\% |
| Non-GAAP adjustments | 2\% | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| Non-GAAP gross margin | 90\% | 90\% | 90\% | 89\% | 90\% |
| Reconciliation of operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP research and development | 32,560 | 37,063 | 39,106 | 38,433 | 41,898 |
| Less: Share-based compensation | 7,845 | 8,544 | 11,198 | 10,382 | 8,613 |
| Non-GAAP research and development | 24,715 | 28,519 | 27,908 | 28,051 | 33,285 |
| GAAP sales and marketing | 88,385 | 107,680 | 107,443 | 108,360 | 114,919 |
| Less: Share-based compensation | 7,466 | 5,028 | 8,612 | 6,856 | 4,899 |
| Non-GAAP sales and marketing | 80,919 | 102,652 | 98,831 | 101,504 | 110,020 |

## Reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures

Non-GAAP operating income (loss) (cont.)

| (\$ in thousands) | Q4-22 | Q1-23 | Q2-23 | Q3-23 | Q4-23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reconciliation of operating expenses (cont.): |  |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP general and administrative | 21,717 | 23,251 | 21,781 | 23,211 | 24,490 |
| Less: Share-based compensation | 6,700 | 7,410 | 7,129 | 7,977 | 7,231 |
| Non-GAAP general and administrative | 15,017 | 15,841 | 14,652 | 15,234 | 17,259 |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) and margin: |  |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP operating income (loss) | $(10,100)$ | $(22,752)$ | $(12,167)$ | $(2,521)$ | $(1,145)$ |
| Add: Share-based compensation | 24,378 | 22,459 | 28,784 | 26,598 | 22,345 |
| Non-GAAP operating income (loss) | 14,278 | (293) | 16,617 | 24,077 | 21,200 |
| GAAP operating margin | (7\%) | (14\%) | (7\%) | (1\%) | (1\%) |
| Non-GAAP adjustments | 17\% | 14\% | 16\% | 14\% | 11\% |
| Non-GAAP operating margin | 10\% | (0\%) | 9\% | 13\% | 10\% |

